

## **CHAPTER 3: READING GUIDE-SETTLING THE NORTHERN COLONIES: 1619—1700**

### **The Protestant Reformation Produces Puritanism**

Define: John Calvin, Conversion Experience, Visible Saints, Church of England, Puritans, Separatists  
26. How did John Calvin's teachings result in some Englishmen wanting to leave England?

### **The Pilgrims End Their Pilgrimage at Plymouth**

Define: Mayflower, Myles Standish, Mayflower Compact, Plymouth, William Bradford  
27. Explain the factors that contributed to the success of the Plymouth colony.

### **The Bay Colony Bible Commonwealth**

Define: Puritans, Charles I, Massachusetts Bay Colony, Great Migration, John Winthrop  
28. Why did the Puritans come to America?

### **Building the Bay Colony**

Define: Freeman, Bible Commonwealth, John Cotton, Protestant Ethic  
29. How democratic was the Massachusetts Bay Colony? Explain.

### **Trouble in the Bible Commonwealth**

Define: Anne Hutchinson, Antinomianism, Roger Williams  
30. What happened to people whose religious beliefs differed from others in Massachusetts Bay Colony?

### **The Rhode Island "Sewer"**

Define: Freedom of Religion  
31. How was Rhode Island different than Massachusetts?

### **Makers of America: The English**

32. In what ways did the British North American colonies reflect their mother country?

### **New England Spreads Out**

Define: Thomas Hooker, Fundamental Orders  
33. Describe how Connecticut, Maine and New Hampshire were settled.

### **Puritans versus Indians**

Define: Squanto, Massasoit, Pequot War, Praying Towns, Metacom, King Philip's War

34. Why did hostilities arise between Puritans and Native Americans? What was the result?

### **Seeds of Colonial Unity and Independence**

Define: New England Confederation, Charles II

35. Assess the following statement, "The British colonies were beginning to grow closer to each other by 1700."

### **Andros Promotes the First American Revolution**

Define: Dominion of New England, Navigation Laws, Edmund Andros, Glorious Revolution, William and Mary, Salutary Neglect

36. How did events in England affect the New England colonies' development?

### **Old Netherlanders at New Netherlands**

Define: Dutch East India Company, Henry Hudson, New Amsterdam, Patroonships

37. Explain how settlement by the Dutch led to the type of city that New York is today.

### **Friction with English and Swedish Neighbors**

Define: Wall Street, New Sweden, Peter Stuyvesant, Log Cabins

38. "Vexations beset the Dutch company-colony from the beginning." Explain.

### **Dutch Residues in New York**

Define: Duke of York

39. Do the Dutch have an important legacy in the United States? Explain.

### **Penn's Holy Experiment in Pennsylvania**

Define: Quakers, William Penn

40. What had William Penn and other Quakers experienced that would make them want a colony in America?

### **Quaker Pennsylvania and Its Neighbors**

Define: East New Jersey, West New Jersey, Delaware

41. Why was Pennsylvania attractive to so many Europeans and Native Americans?

**The Middle Way in the Middle Colonies**

Define: Middle Colonies, Benjamin Franklin

42. What do the authors mean when they say that the middle colonies were the most American?

**Varying Viewpoints: Europeanizing America or Americanizing Europe?**

43. "The picture of colonial America that is emerging from all this new scholarship is of a society unique—and diverse—from its inception." Explain?