

#### Project 6

# Using Frames in a Web Site



## **Project Objectives**

- Define terms related to frames
- Describe the steps used to design a frame structure
- Plan and lay out a frameset
- Create a frame definition file that defines three frames
- Use the <frameset> tag

## **Project Objectives**

- Use the <frame> tag
- Change frame scrolling options
- Name a frame content target
- Identify Web pages to display at startup
- Set frame rows

## **Project Objectives**

- Set frame columns
- Create a header page with text
- Create a navigation menu page with text links
- Create a home page

## **Creating a Frame Definition File**

- A frame definition file defines the layout and contents of each frame in the Web page
- A frameset is found in the frame definition file and is used to define the layout of the frames that are displayed

#### <frameset>

1.

- Defines the layout of frames, requires an end tag
- cols = measurements of the columns, divided by commas, i.e. rows = "60%, 40%"
- rows = measurements of the rows, divided by commas

Remember, there are three types of values you can use as measurements:

- -absolute value: the number of pixels, will not resize with the window
- 2. -<u>relative value</u>: a percentage, object will resize relative to the window
- 3. - : fills in the remaining space

<frame>

- Defines the layout of frames, no end tag
- frameborder = "on" or "off"
  - Turns on/off the borders that separate frames. By default, frameborder = "on"
- bordercolor sets the bordercolor. Value should be a hexadecimal value.
- marginwidth/marginheight set the margins (in pixels) between the edges of a frame and the page it is displaying

#### <frame> (cont'd)

- noresize has no value. It stops the user from resizing the frame
- <u>name</u> defines the <u>name</u> of a frame that is used in a target
- scrolling = "yes" or "no"
  - specifies whether or not the frame has a scrollbar
- src = "url/filename"
  - specifies what page or other file should be displayed in the frame

#### <noframes>

If the browser is not able to display frames, text between these tags will display instead. You can use this to tell users that they must use a different browser to view your page.

 <u>Always</u> include noframes tags in your frame definition file.

#### </noframes>

## Creating a Frame Definition File

- In a framed website, the frame definition file takes the place of index.htm
- This file does not use the body tag, but uses <frameset> tags to divide the page into sections instead
- Use <frame> tags to fill in the sections
- The frameset tag divides a page into the number of rows and columns you specify
- Nest framesets within framesets to create easily navigable layouts

## **Creating a Frame Definition File**

A simple example using framesets:

```
<frameset rows = "20%, 80%" cols = "60%, 40%">
<frame src = "page1.htm" name = "1">
<frame src = "page2.htm" name = "2">
<frame src = "page3.htm" name = "3">
<frame src = "page4.htm" name = "4">
</frameset>
```

- Note that frames fill in from left to right, top to bottom
- <u>Name your frames</u> so that if you want a link to load an HTML file in a certain frame, you can specify which frame



#### **Nesting Framesets**

• To create the layout shown on the right using framesets:

<frameset rows = "125,\*">

<frame name = "title"...>

<frameset cols = "200,\*"> <frame name = "navigation"...> <frame name = "main"...>

</frameset>

</frameset>





#### Making a Website With Frames

#### <html>



• Recall navbar.htm from Project 5:

```
<img src = "navbar.jpg"
    usemap = "#nav">
<map name = "nav">
    <area shape = "rect"
        coords = "7, 9, 140, 53"
        href = "index.htm">
        <area shape = "rect"
        coords = "7, 76, 140,120"
        href = "guest.htm">
        <area shape = "rect"
        coords = "7, 76, 140,120"
        href = "guest.htm">
        <area shape = "rect"
        coords = "7, 144, 140,188"
        href = "links.htm">
```

#### Home Guestbook Links

#### </map>

#### What if we want the links to load into a certain frame?

The target attribute, which can be used with both the <area> and <a> tags, specifies which frame a link should load a page into:

```
<area shape = "rect"
coords = "7, 9, 140, 53"
href = "index.htm"
target = "main">
```

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#### The Target Attribute

#### The Target Attribute

- Target has 5 other possible values:
  - "\_blank" loads the page into a new window
  - "\_self" loads the page into the frame that contains the link
  - "\_parent" loads the page into the parent window
  - "\_top" loads the page into the current window, and breaks out of frames
  - Typing the <u>name of a window</u> will make the page load into that window

#### The Results:



• After creating your frame definition file and the necessary

pages, **test** to make sure that:

- 1. Pages are in the correct frames
- 2. All links load to the correct frames
- 3. The page is easy to navigate

### **Project Summary**

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## **Project Summary**

- Use the <frame> tag
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## **Project Summary**

- Set frame columns
- Create a header page with text
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#### **Project 6 Complete**

